

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education

Advanced Subsidiary Level and Advanced Level

CANDIDATE NAME **CENTRE NUMBER**

					1	
			CANDIDATE			

NUMBER

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

8291/02

Paper 2 Hydrosphere and Biosphere

May/June 2008

1 hour 30 minutes

Additional Materials:

Answer Booklet/Paper

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs, tables or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Section A

Answer all questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided on the question paper.

Section B

Answer one question from this section.

Answer the question on the separate answer paper provided.

At the end of the examination,

- 1. fasten all separate answer paper securely to the question paper;
- 2. enter the question number from Section B in the grid opposite.

For Examiner's Use		
Section A		
1		
2		
Section B		
Total		

This document consists of 11 printed pages and 1 blank page.



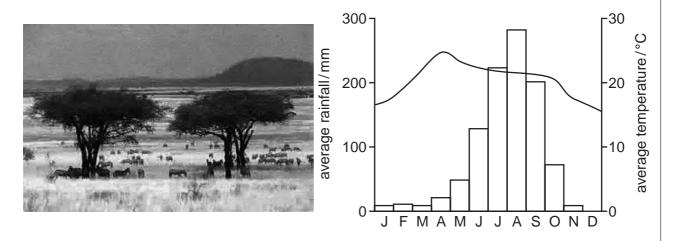
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Section A

Answer all questions in this section.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

1 (a) Fig. 1.1 contains information on the African savanna biome.



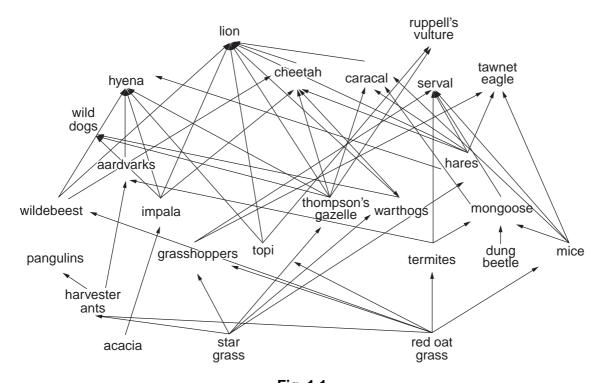


Fig. 1.1

(i)

What is meant by the term <i>lood web!</i>	
	[0]

(ii)	From the food web in Fig. 1.1 identify:
	• one producer
	one primary consumer[2]
(iii)	Using the climatic chart in Fig. 1.1, describe the climate of the African savanna biome.
	[2]
(iv)	Using the information in Fig. 1.1;
	• state the identity of the predominant type of vegetation of the savanna biome
	[1]
	• suggest why the behaviour of impala and wildebeest might cause excessive consumption of savanna vegetation.
	[2]
(v)	Suggest two explanations of how the animals at the highest trophic level have established niches in the savanna biome.
	[2]

	4 What effect might increasing aridity have upon the food web of savanna are	
(vi)	What effect might increasing aridity have upon the food web of savanna are	1
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(b) Fig. 1.2 contains data on critically endangered species, by group, in three region numbers of endangered species are shown by the values in the quadrants.

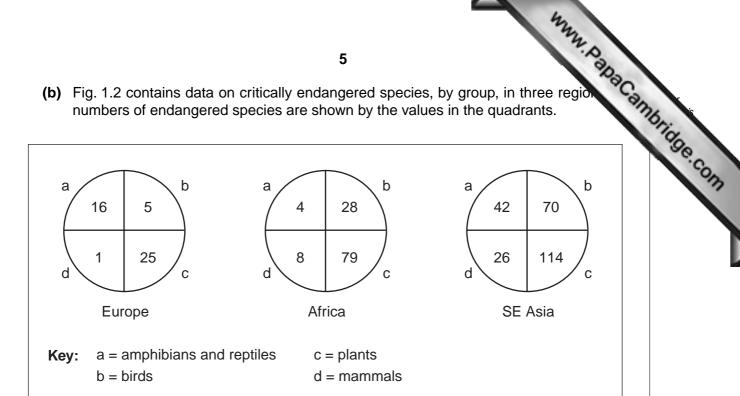


Fig. 1.2

Give three reasons for the regional differences in the data shown in Fig. 1.2.
[6]

[Total: 20]

Table 2.1

2

	6	4
1 contains data about	t global water stores. Table 2.1	
store	volume /million km ³	% of total
oceans	1370	97.25
ice caps	29	2.05
deep groundwater	5.3	0.38
shallow groundwater	4.2	0.30
lakes	0.125	0.01
soil moisture	0.065	0.005
atmosphere	0.013	0.001
rivers	0.0017	0.0001
biosphere	0.0006	0.00004

(i)	Explain the term <i>global water store</i> .
	[2]
(ii)	With reference to Table 2.1, outline the possible impact of a decrease in temperature on the oceans and ice caps.
	[2]
(iii)	Name the water store that is most important in supplying water
	• for industrial activity,
	directly to growing crops.
	[2]

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(b) Describe how a balance between inputs and outputs of water would be maintathe woodland area shown in Fig. 2.2.



Fig. 2.2

(c) Fig. 2.3 shows the annual soil moisture balance for Cuddalore in southern India

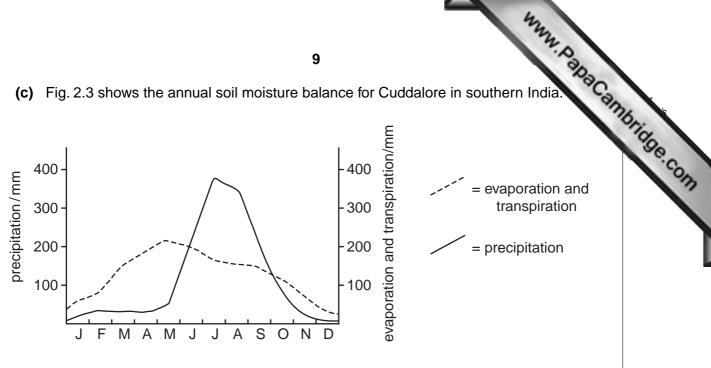


Fig. 2.3

Agriculture is an important all year activity in Cuddalore. Using Fig. 2.3, discuss the effect of a decrease in precipitation upon agricultural activity in this region.
[4]
[Total: 20]

Write your answers on the separate answer paper provided.

www.PapaCambridge.com (a) Some people in SE Asia, Latin America, Europe and Africa do not have access to an adequate, 3 safe water supply. Fig. 3.1 shows how these people are distributed across these regions.

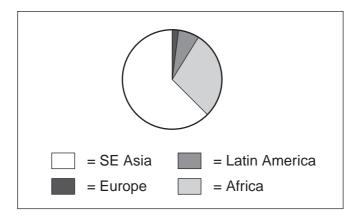


Fig. 3.1

Using the pie chart in Fig. 3.1, outline three reasons for this distribution.

[10]

(b) With reference to examples from either LEDCs or MEDCs, describe and evaluate the measures that countries attempt in order to satisfy their increasing demand for water.

[Total: 40]

(a) Fig. 4.1 shows an area of forest.

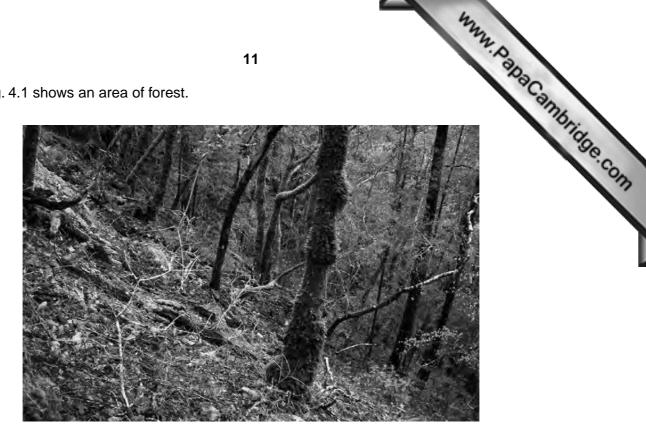


Fig. 4.1

With the exception of human activity, describe three factors that would maintain the ecological stability of the area of forest shown. [10]

(b) Describe the effects of human activity upon one natural ecosystem you have studied. Assess the extent to which it has been possible to manage and conserve the important aspects of your chosen ecosystem. [30]

[Total: 40]

- 5 (a) Choose three of the issues listed below and for each outline one reason why it is seen to exert pressure on the global environment.
 - Global output of goods has increased by a factor of 6 since 1980
 - Use of paper has increased by a factor of 6 since 1980
 - Global life expectancy at birth, now 66 years, is projected to reach 73 years by 2025.
 - Fossil fuel burning has increased by almost a factor of 4 since 1980
 - 80% of natural resources are consumed by 25% of the world's population. [10]
 - (b) To what extent have meetings between nations been successful in managing the impact of human activity upon the biosphere? [30]

[Total: 40]

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