UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers

9706 ACCOUNTING

9706/21

Paper 2 (Structured Questions (Core)), maximum raw mark 90

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2011 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

Page 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2011	9706	21

1 (a) Current accounts

	Henry \$	Robin \$		Henry \$	Robin \$	
Balance b/d	6 600 1	- 1	Balance b/d	1	1 000 1	
Drawings	12 000 1	8 000 1	Interest on capital	9 600 1	6 400 1	
Int drawings	600	400	Salary	5 000 1	4 000 2	
Balance c/d	1 10 400	2 13 000	Share of profit	15 000	10 000	
	\$29 600	\$21 400		\$29 600	\$21 400	
			Balances b/d	10 400	13 000	[14]

(b) Net profit for the year

	Henry	Robin	Total	
ADD	\$	\$	\$	
Share of profit	15 000	10 000	25 000	2
Salary	5 000	4 000	9 000	2
Interest on capital LESS	9 600	6 400	16 000	2
Interest on drawings	600	400	–1 000	2
Net profit			49 000	

Net profit

OR

(c) The advantages are:

- More capital is available
- Different partners may have different skills that are beneficial to the business
- The management of the business can be shared
 - The business is more efficient
 - There are more ideas
 - The responsibility is shared, so less stress
- Losses can be shared

2 marks for each valid comment.

[8]

[Total: 30]

Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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2 (a) Café income statement (trading and profit and loss account) for the year ended 30 April 2011

	\$	\$	
Revenue (sales) Cost of sales		90 000 1	
Inventory (1 May 2010)	6 500 1		
Purchases	<u>36 000</u> 1 42 500		
Inventory (30 April 2011)	<u>4 800</u> 1 37 700		
Add Direct wages (28 800 + 4000 – 500)	32 300 2	<u>70 000</u>	
Gross profit		20 000	
LESS Overheads Heating and lighting (40% × 18 000)	7 200 1		
Rent (40% × 21 000)	8 400 1	<u>15 600</u>	
Profit for the year (net profit)		<u>\$4 400</u>	[8]
In come and Europe diture account for the con-			

(b) Income and Expenditure account for the year ended 30 April 2011

	\$	\$	
Profit on café Subscriptions	4 400 10F		
(34 000 – 2 200 + 3 600 + 5 000 – 3 500) Donations	36 900 5 450 1		
Ticket sales	<u>14 560</u> 1	56 310	
Rent (60% × 21 000) Heating and lighting (60% × 18 000)	12 600 1 10 800 1		
Depreciation of equipment Interest on loan	10 400 2 <u>1 000</u> 2	<u>34 800</u>	
Surplus income/expenditure	<u> </u>	<u>\$21 510</u>	

Page 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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(c) Balance Sheet at 30 April 2011

Subscriptions due

Subscriptions paid in advance 5 000

Less liabilities

Wages accrued

	\$	\$	\$	
Non-current (fixed) assets	Cost	<u>Depreciation</u>	<u>NBV</u>	
Equipment	104 000	14 400	89 600 1	
Current Assets Inventory Subscriptions in arrears Bank	4 800 3 600 <u>4 010</u>	12 410 1		
Current liabilities Subscriptions prepaid Loan interest Wages accrued	3 500 1 000 <u>4 000</u>	<u>8 500</u> 1		
Net current assets			<u>3 910</u> 93 510	
Non-current liabilities Loan			<u>20 000</u> 1	
Net assets			<u>73 510</u>	
Accumulated fund ADD Surplus I/E		52 000 3 <u>21 510</u> 1(OF)	<u>73 510</u>	
If accumulated fund shown Award 1 mark for every pa Accumulated fund calculat	ir, where seen	ard four marks.		
Assets Equipment (40 000 – 4 000 Inventory Bank	0)	36 000 1 6 500 12 800		

[8] [Total: 30]

500

<u>5 500</u>

52 000

Pa	ge 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version			Syllabus	Paper		
		G	CE AS/A LEVI	EL – May/Jı	une 2011		9706	21
(a)			Ojo 1 \$	Ojo 2 \$	Ojo 3 \$			
	Sales pri Variable Contribu Fixed over Profit per	costs tion erhead	400 300 100 <u>50</u> 50	450 380 70 <u>60</u> 10	550 <u>486</u> 64 <u>60</u> 4	1		[5]
(b)			Ojo 1 \$	Ojo 2 \$	Ojo 3 \$			
	Revenue Variable Contribu Fixed ove Total pro	costs tion erhead	400 000 300 000 100 000 <u>50 000</u> 50 000	315 000 266 000 49 000 42 000 7 000	220 000 194 400 25 600 24 000 1 600	1 1 1		[5]
	OR							
			Ojo 1 \$	Ojo 2 \$	Ojo 3 \$			
	Revenue Variable Contribu Sales in Total cor Fixed ove Total pro	costs tion units ntribution erhead	400 300 100 1000 100 000 50 000 50 000	450 380 70 700 49 000 42 000 7 000	550 <u>486</u> 64 400 25 600 <u>24 000</u> 1 600	1		[5]
(c)			Ojo 1	Ojo 2	Ojo 3			
	Fixed over	<u>erhead</u> unit	<u>50000</u> 100	<u>42000</u> 70	<u>24000</u> 64			
	BEP Margin o	f safety	500 500	600 100	375 25			[4]

Page 6	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2011	9706	21

(d) Statement of profit using marginal costing

	February	March	April
Daviers (aglas)	\$	\$	\$
Revenue (sales)	21 000	28 000	31 500 1
Opening inventory	4 000	0	2 000 2
Variable costs	8 000	<u>18 000</u>	<u>20 000</u> 1
	12 000	18 000	22 000
Closing inventory	0	2 000	<u>4 000</u> 2
Variable COGS	12 000	16 000	18 000
CONTRIBUTION	9000	12 000	13 500 1
Fixed costs	<u>4 000</u>	<u>4 000</u>	<u>4 000</u> 1
Profit	5 000	8 000	9 500

ALTERNATIVE ANSWER

Statement of profit using marginal costing

	February	March	April
	\$	\$	\$
Selling price	700	700	700
Less Marginal cost	<u>400</u>	<u>400</u>	<u>400</u>
Contribution per unit	300	300	300 1
Units sold	30	40	45
Total contribution	9 000	12 000	13 500 3
Less FC	<u>4 000</u>	<u>4 000</u>	<u>4 000</u> 1
Profit	5 000	8 000	9 500 3

[8]

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(e) Statement of profit using absorption costing

	February	March	April	
Revenue (sales)	\$ 21 000	\$ 28 000	\$ 31 500	
revenue (sales)	21 000	20 000	01 000	
Opening inventory	5 000	0	2 500 2	2
Production costs	<u>10 000</u>	22 500	<u>25 000</u> 1	l
Goods available	15 000	22 500	27 500	
Closing inventory	0	2 500	5 000 2	2
Cost of Sales	15 000	20 000	22 500	
GROSS PROFIT	6 000	8 000	9 000	
Less overhead U/A	2 000		1	ı
Add overhead O/A		500	1 000 2	2
Profit for the month	4 000	8 500	10 000	

ALTERNATIVE ANSWER

Statement of profit using absorption costing

	February	March	April	
	\$	\$	\$	
Selling price	700	700	700	
Less Marginal cost	<u>500</u>	<u>500</u>	<u>500</u>	1
Gross profit per unit	200	200	200	1
Units sold	30	40	45	
Total gross profit	6 000	8 000	9 000	3
Less overhead U/A	2 000			1
Add overhead O/A		500	1 000	2
Profit for the month	4 000	8 500	10 000	

[8]

[Total: 30]