CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

9706 ACCOUNTING

9706/41

Paper 4(Problem Solving – Supplement), maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2012 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



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				GCE A LEVE	L – O	ctober/Novei	nper 2	UIZ	9706		! 1
(a)	(i)	5.04	times	5							[2]
	(ii)	35.3	5 day	S							[2]
	(iii)	28.1	6 day	S							[2]
(b)				gives more cr om suppliers. (desirable t	to take [Max 2]
(c)	(i)	50 0	00 (1)) – 10 000 (1)	- 800	00 (1) = 32 00	0				[3]
	(ii)	26 0	00 (1)) – 200 (1) = 2	25 800)					[2]
	(iii)	Ye	ar	Discount fac	tor	Cash Flow			nted cash		
						\$		1	flow		
		1 2 3 4		0.909 0.826 0.751 0.683		9 681 9 080 8 122 6 589	(1) (1) (1) (1)		\$ 8 800 7 500 6 100 <u>4 500</u> 6 900	(1)of (1)of (1)of (1)of (1)of	[9]
(d)	(i)	\$26	900	(2)of							[2]
	(ii)	\$26	900	(2)of							[2]
(e)	(i)	32 0	00 (1)	of – 26 900	(1) of	= 5100					[2]
	(ii)	420	800 (′	1) – 5100 (1)	of = 4	15 700					[2]
	(iii)	10%	(2)								[2]
(f)	(i)	Ecor Dam Fall	nomic age t n ma	gical change downturn o asset rket value n demand	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2)						[Max 4]
	(ii)	IAS3	6								[2]
(g)	Arc		's fee								
	Any	reas	onabl	le answer acc	epted						[2]
										[To	otal: 40]

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(ii)
$$187 (1)of + (46 + 16) (1) + 15.5 (1) = 264.5$$
 [3]

(b) Statement of recognised income and expenses for the year ended 31 March

	2012 \$000		2011 \$000	
Gain on revaluation of property	<u>350</u>	(2)		(1)
Profit for the year	187	(2)of	<u>99</u>	(1)

(c) Only purchased goodwill is shown in the financial statements. (2)

Goodwill has increased so expansion must have involved the purchase of another business. (2)

[4]

(d)
$$2012 \qquad 2011$$
 Income gearing
$$\frac{31.51}{264.5 \, \text{(1)of}} \times 100 = 11.91\% \, \text{(1) of} \quad \frac{20 \, \text{(1)}}{155 \, \text{(1)}} \times 100 = 12.9\% \, \text{(1) of}$$

Gearing
$$\frac{610 \text{ (1)}}{2879 \text{ (1)}} \times 100 = 21.19\% \text{ (1) of } \frac{300 \text{ (1)}}{1572 \text{ (1)}} \times 100 = 19.08\% \text{ (1) of}$$

(e) (i) EPS =
$$\frac{(187-18) (1) \text{ of}}{1600 (1) + (800 \times 9 \div 12) (1)} = $0.0768 (1) \text{ of}$$
 [4]

(ii) DPS =
$$\frac{122 (1)}{2400 (1)} = $0.0508 (1) \text{ of}$$
 [3]

(f) (i) Gearing has increased slightly (1), but is still very low (1).
Income gearing has decreased slightly (1), as profit has increased more than interest. (1)
The company now has more liquid funds available to pay debenture interest. (1)

[Max 3]

[Total: 40]

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(b) (i)	Raw materials			Process 1 Bank (scrap)			
	15 000 × 10 Direct labour	150 000	(1)of	3000 × 5	15 000	(1)of	
	15 000 × 18 Variable overhead	270 000	(1)of	Process 2	607 500	(1)of	
	15 000 × 6 Fixed overhead	90 000	(1)of				
	15 000 × 7.5	112 500 622 500	(1)of		622 500		[6]

(ii) **Process 2** Trading Process 1 607 500 **(1)of** account Raw materials Process 1 506 250 (1)of 10 000 × 8 80 000 (1) RM80 000 (1)of 12 000 92 000 $2000 \times 8 \times .75$ DL 240 000 (1)of (1) VO 60 000 Direct labour (1)of 10 000 × 24 240 000 (1) FO <u>75 000</u> (1)of 961 250 $2\,000 \times 24 \times .5$ <u>24 000</u> (1) 264 000 Variable Work-inoverhead progress 10 000 × 6 60 000 (1) Process 1 101 250 $2000 \times 6 \times .5$ <u>6 000</u> **(1)** 66 000 RM12 000 24 000 Fixed overhead DL 10 000 × 7.5 75 000 VO (1) <u>6 000</u> 143 250 **(2)of** 1 104 500 1 104 500

(c) $\frac{961250 \, (1) \, \text{of}}{10\,000 \, (1)} = \96.125

[15]

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(d)		\$		
	Cost from process 2	96.12	25 (1)of	
	Selling and administra	ation cost 8.0	00 (1)	
	–FC from process 1	112500 (1)of 12000 (1) (9.37	5)	
	–FC from process 2	(7.5)	,	
	Variable cost	87.2	-	
	Selling price	<u>92.0</u>	<u>00</u> (1)	
	Contribution per unit	<u>4.7</u>	<u>′5</u> (1)of	
				[8]
It yields a There ma The com	ctors should accept the of a positive contribution. ay be further orders from pany could lost the good mbu sell on his purchase	(1) (1)of (2) (2) (2)		

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