



Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International A Level CANDIDATE	Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary Level and Advanced Level
NAME	
CENTRE NUMBER	CANDIDATE NUMBER

COMPUTING

9691/23

Paper 2

May/June 2014

2 hours

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No additional materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.



1 (a) Sheena has inherited a recipe book from her grandmother. All the recipes given measurements in ounces. Sheena wants to write a program to produce a convention that helps her use the correct weight in grams.

To convert ounces into grams: 1 ounce is 28.35 grams.

The conversion table will show the number of grams to the nearest whole number:

Conversion Table				
Ounces	Grams			
1	28			
2	57			
:	: :			
16	454			

(i) Sheena writes pseudocode that uses the variables in the table below. Complete the identifier table.

Identifier	Data type	Description
Ounces		Variable used as control variable in FOR loop
Grams		Variable used for storing result of conversion calculation

(ii) The built-in function ROUND (x) returns x rounded to the nearest whole number.

Complete the pseudocode to print the conversion table for 1 to 16 ounces:

OUTPUT " Conversion	Table"
OUTPUT "Ounces	Grams"
FOR Ounces 🗲	
Grams ←	
	← ROUND(Grams)
OUTPUT Ounces,"	", Grams

[2]

(b)	Sheena wants to write a function to return the number of boxes of eggs that s buy. The function takes, as a parameter, the number of eggs required for a recipe. 6 eggs in a box. Sheena needs to buy enough eggs, but does not want any full be eggs left over. She knows that she can use the operators DIV and MOD to calculate the required number boxes.
	(i) Show the results for the following expressions:
	20 DIV 6 =
	20 MOD 6 = [2]
	(ii) Complete the pseudocode:
FU	NCTION CalculateNumberOfBoxes(NumberOfEggs:)
	RETURNS
	DECLARE : INTEGER
	NumberOfBoxes ← // how many full boxes?
	IF NumberOfEggs MOD // need part of a box?
	THEN // increment number of boxes
	ENDIF
	RETURN NumberOfBoxes
ΕN	IDFUNCTION [5]
(c)	Sheena could have written the algorithm in part (a)(ii) as a procedure. What is the difference between a function and a procedure?

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[1]

	The state of the s
	4
(d)	All programs should be maintainable. Sheena has followed good practice in writing pseudocode. She has used features of maintainable programs.
	List four such features.
	1

1	
2	
3	
4	
	41

(ii)	Justify one feature of your design above.	
		[1]

[4]

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[8]

- (b) Sheena wants to store the data for each order as a record consisting of the follow
 - CustomerName
 - TelephoneNumber
 - DateReady
 - CakeType (F, V, G or C)
 - Price (\$)
 - ToBeDelivered
 - (i) Complete the following table of fields for the CakeOrder. Give one value for each field size.

Field name	Data type	Field size (bytes)
CustomerName		
TelephoneNumber		
DateReady		
CakeType		
Price		
ToBeDelivered		

(ii) Using a high-level programming language, declare a record structure for the fields defined in part (b)(i).

Language

Code

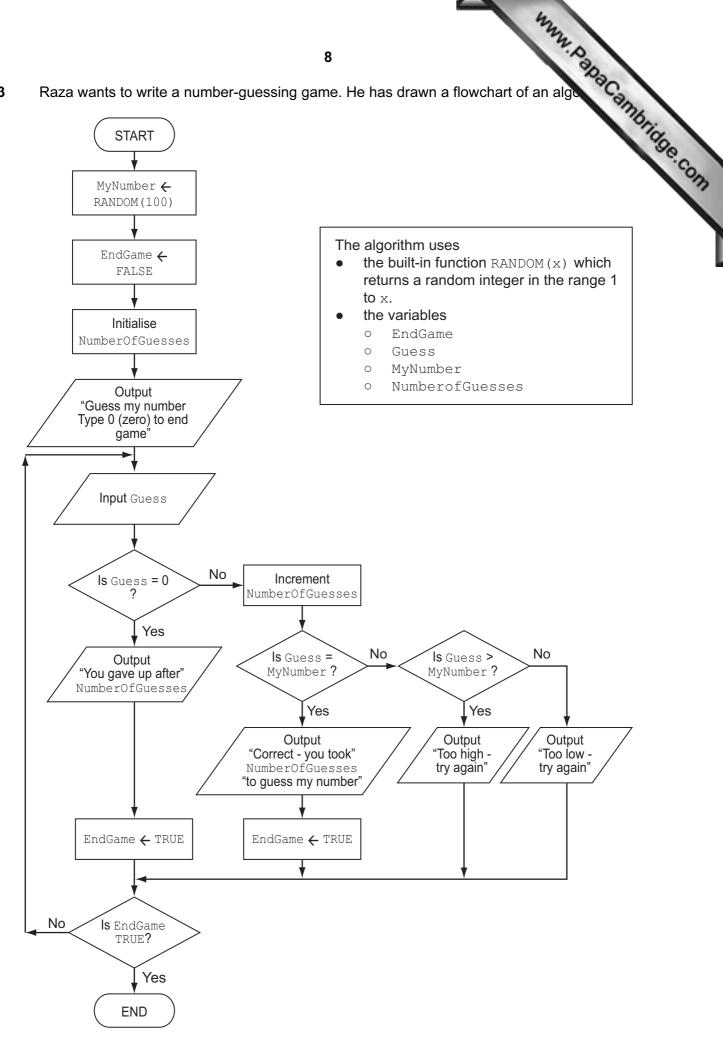
7

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Question 3 begins on page 8.

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Raza wants to write a number-guessing game. He has drawn a flowchart of an algo-3



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in a nign-level language write programming statements to implement the algorithm.	"PAR
Language	ambrig
Code	
	••••••
	••••••
	[18]

www.PapaCambridge.com A puzzle starts with a partially completed grid of digits. A player must fill a 9×9 grid digits so that each column, each row, and each of the nine 3×3 sub-grids contain all or from 1 to 9.

Each puzzle has a unique solution. Below is an example of a puzzle and its solution:

PUZZLE	SOLUTION
PU//IF	50101101

_								
8		5						7
9			5		4			
4	1			6				
			7			1	6	
1			4		6			3
	5	8			1			
				1			4	9
			2		7			1
2						5		6

8	6	5	1	9	2	4	3	7
9	3	2	5	7	4	6	1	8
4	1	7	8	6	3	9	5	2
3	2	4	7	8	9	1	6	5
1	7	9	4	5	6	8	2	3
6	5	8	3	2	1	7	9	4
7	8	3	6	1	5	2	4	9
5	9	6	2	4	7	3	8	1
2	4	1	9	3	8	5	7	6

Raul wants to write a program that displays the puzzle and allows the user to enter digits to attempt a solution.

(a)	Describe the type of interface needed so that the user can enter digits on screen.						
			[2]				
(b)	The	e program needs to store the puzzle.					
	(i)	Describe the data structure required.					
	/::\		[2]				
	(ii)	Using the data structure you described in part (b)(i), give the pseudocode assigns statement that stores the 5 in the top row of the example shown.	neni				
			[2]				

(c)	When the user enters a character, the program needs to check it is a digit. The character is stored in the character variable Entry. Write the Boolean expression required to check that it is a digit.
	The character is stored in the character variable Entry.
	Write the Boolean expression required to check that it is a digit.
	[2]
(d)	Raul wants the user to be able to use an "undo" option to clear the previous entry if they think they have made an error.
	The "undo" option can be used repeatedly to return to a previous state of the puzzle.
	Describe a method of storing the entries to allow for this.
	[4]

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- 5 Raul copied the following pseudocode from a computing textbook. He wants to find
 - (i) Dry run the pseudocode using the trace table.

```
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FOR x \leftarrow 2 TO 4
  This Value \leftarrow List[x]
  y ← x - 1
  WHILE (List[y] > ThisValue) AND (y > 0)
     List[y + 1] \leftarrow List[y]
     y ← y - 1
  ENDWHILE
  List[y + 1] ← ThisValue
```

	ThisValue	У	List[y]	(List[y] > ThisValue) AND (y > 0)	List			
x					[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
_	_	_	-	-	56	23	67	12
2	23	1	56	TRUE				

(ii)	What does this pseudocode do?
	[1

[9]

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