CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2015 series

9608 COMPUTER SCIENCE

9608/23

Paper 2 (Written Paper), maximum raw mark 75

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1 (a)

Identifier	Data Type	Description
HorseName	STRING	Name of the horse
NumberOfPreviousWins	INTEGER	Number of previous wins
RacePenaltyWeight	INTEGER / REAL / SINGLE	Penalty weight

[1]

(b) (i) Stepwise refinement // top-down design

[1]

(ii) INPUT HorseName

INPUT NumberOfPreviousWins

RacePenaltyWeight \leftarrow 0

IF NumberOfPreviousWins = 1 OR NumberOfPreviousWins = 2
 THEN

RacePenaltyWeight ← 4

ENDIF

IF NumberOfPreviousWins > 2

THEN

RacePenaltyWeight ← 8

ENDIF

OUTPUT HorseName, RacePenaltyWeight

Mark as follows:

(OUTPUT) + INPUT x 2 (1 mark)
Two/three conditions in evidence correctly formed (1 mark)
(penalise Assignment used for equals)
Condition for penalty weight = 0 + assignment = 0 (1 mark)
Other conditions X 2 + Assignment of 4 and 8 (1 mark)
Final output of horse name + penalty weight (1 mark) [5]

2 (a) (i) 7

[1]

(ii) 2

9

[2]

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(b) (i)

Input value		Output		Comment	
Amount	Dollar Dollar		Ten Dollar	Comment	
70	1	1	0	Least possible number of notes	
85	(0	0	0)	Error message	
130	2	1	1	Least possible number of notes	
600	(0	0	0)	Error message	

Penalise any number entries on the 85 and 600 rows

[3]

```
(ii) INPUT Amount
    IF Amount > 500
        THEN
           OUTPUT "Refused - amount too large"
        ELSE
    IF (Amount MOD 10) <> 0 / >0
           THEN
               OUTPUT "Refused - not a multiple of $10"
           ELSE
               FiftyDollar ← Amount DIV 50
               Temp ← Amount MOD 50 //
        (Amount - 50 * FiftyDollar)
               TwentyDollar ← Temp DIV 20 //
               (Amount MOD 50) DIV 20
               \texttt{Temp} \leftarrow \textbf{Temp} \ \textbf{MOD} \ \textbf{20}
               TenDollar - Temp DIV 10
           ENDIF
    ENDIF
```

3 (i)

Α	Width	in any order
В	Length	
С	JobID	
D	CustomerName	in any order
Е	JobCost	

[5]

[max 5]

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(ii	i) PR	OCEDURE CalculateJobCost (BYREF JobCost : INTEGER/CURRENCY/REAL, BYVALUE Length : INTEGER, BYVALUE Width : INTEGER)	660 Papa Cambridg
	ide job	rk as follows: ntifier + data type × 3 (3 marks) cost (only) BYREF (1 mark) gth, width (only) BYVALUE/BYREF (1 mark)	[5]
4 (a	i) (i)	ERROR	[1]
	(ii)	parityerrorcheck	[1]
	(iii)	Binary Coded Decimal // Binary ▼Coded ▼ Decimal	[2]
(b	o) (i)	OPENFILE "DISPENSERS" FOR WRITE REPEAT (1 mark) OUTPUT "Enter dispenser code (XXXXX to end)" INPUT DispenserCode IF DispenserCode <> "XXXXXX" THEN OUTPUT "Enter bank code"	(1 mark)
		INPUT BankCode LineString ← CONCAT (DispenserCode, "▼", BankCode // now write the new line to the file WRITEFILE ("DISPENSERS"), LineString ENDIF UNTIL DispenserCode = "XXXXX"	(1 mark) (1 mark) (1 mark)
		CLOSE ("DISPENSERS") // CLOSEFILE OUTPUT "DISPENSERS file now created"	(1 mark) (1 mark) [6]
	(ii)	 Bank code/ Dispenser code is digit characters only Bank code is exactly 3 digits // Dispenser code is exactly 5 digits Range check on Bank code between 1 and 999 // range check on dispenser code between 1 and 99999 	
		Note: If no reference made to either Bank code or Dispenser code MAX	X 1 [max 2]
	(iii)	data of the existing 15 dispensers will be lost/overwritten	[1]

(iv) Append // Illustrated with program code statement

[1]

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(c) Mark as follows:

•	Variables declared/commented (at least X2) Input of 'ThisBank' with prompt	(1 mark) (1 mark)	Origi
•	File open statement File mode is 'Input' File close	(1 mark) (1 mark)	
•	Loop (Not a FOR loop) Until all records considered	(1 mark)	
•	Isolate LineBankCode Isolate LineDispenserCode	(1 mark)	
•	Count initialised Count incremented	(1 mark) (1 mark)	
•	Output – List of dispenser codes	(1 mark)	

(1 mark)

[max 10]

Visual Basic ...

Output – dispenser count

```
Dim DispenserRecord As String
Dim DispenserCode As String : Dim Bank As String
Dim DispenserCount As Integer
Dim ThisBank As String
FileOpen(1, "C:\DISPENSERS.txt", OpenMode.Input)
Console.WriteLine()
Console.Write("Which bank ..(Three digit code)? ")
ThisBank = Console.ReadLine
DispenserCount = 0
Do
   DispenserRecord = LineInput(1)
   DispenserCode = Left(DispenserRecord, 5)
   Bank = Mid(DispenserRecord, 7, 3)
   If Bank = ThisBank Then
   DispenserCount = DispenserCount + 1
   Console.WriteLine(DispenserCode)
   End If
Loop Until EOF(1)
FileClose(1)
Console.WriteLine()
Console.WriteLine("There are " & DispenserCount & " dispensers
for this bank")
```

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Python ...

```
# DispenserLine
                         - String
# DispenserCode
                         - String
# Bank
                          - String
# DispenserCount
                         - Integer
# ThisBank
                          - String
MyFile = open("c:\DISPENSERS.txt", "r")
ThisBank = input ("Which bank .. (Three digit code)? ")
DispenserCount = 0
while 1:
   DispenserLine = MyFile.readline()
   if not DispenserLine:
       break
   DispenserCode = DispenserLine[0:5]
   # slices chars 0,1,2,3,4
   Bank = DispenserLine[6:9] # slices chars 6,7,8
   if Bank == ThisBank:
       DispenserCount = DispenserCount + 1
       print(DispenserCode)
MyFile.close()
print
print("There are " + str(DispenserCount)
" dispensers for this bank")
Pascal ...
var DispenserRecord : String ;
var DispenserCode
var Bank
var DispenserCount
var ThisBank
: String;
: Integer;
var ThisBank
: String;
var TheFile
                       : Text ;
begin
assign(TheFile, 'K:\DISPENSERS.txt');
reset(TheFile) ;
WriteLn() ;
Write('Which bank .. (Three digit code)? ');
Readln(ThisBank) ;
DispenserCount := 0 ;
repeat
       readln(TheFile, DispenserRecord);
   DispenserCode := Copy(DispenserRecord, 1, 5);
   Bank := copy(DispenserRecord, 7, 3);
   If Bank = ThisBank Then
       begin
       DispenserCount := DispenserCount + 1 ;
```

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	Writeln(DispenserCode)	Carry
	end ;	OH:
	<pre>until EOF(TheFile) ; close(TheFile) ;</pre>	abi Ca
	crose(inerite) ,	The state of the s
W	riteLn();	

```
Writeln(DispenserCode)
   end ;
   until EOF(TheFile) ;
   close(TheFile) ;
writeLn();
writeLn('Dispenser count: ', DispenserCount);
readln ;
end.
```

- 5 (a) (i) • Set of data items have a common name (1 mark)
 - Items are referenced using a subscript/index (1 mark)
 - Accept: all data items are of the same data type [max 2] (1 mark)
 - [1] (ii) 24
 - (iii) The total number of amplifiers 'produced' by workers 1, 2 and 3/three workers
 - on day 2_ (1 mark) [2]

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(b)

						1
				Wo	orkerTot	In
WorkerNum	DayNum	WorkerAverage	OUTPUT	1	2	
				0		
2					0	
3						0
1	1			10		_
1	2			21		
	3			31		
	4			45		
2	1				20	\bigcap
	2				36	
	3				60	-
	4				80	-
3	1					9
3						4
	2				2	20
	3				3	33
	4				Ę	50
1		2.25				<u>ノ</u>
2		2				
3		1.25	INVESTIGATE 3	ו		

www.PapaCambridge.com **Mark Scheme** Page 9 Cambridge International AS/A Level – May/June 2015 (c) (i) WorkerNum : INTEGER (1 mark) (1 mark) DayNum : INTEGER WorkerTotal : ARRAY OF INTEGER (1 mark) (1 mark) WorkerAverage : REAL (1 mark) (ii) PROCEDURE AnalyseProductionData(NumDays: INTEGER, NumWorkers: INTEGER) FOR WorkerNum ← 1 TO 3 WorkerTotal [WorkerNum] ← 0 **ENDFOR** FOR WorkerNum ← 1 TO FOR DayNum ← 1 TO WorkerTotal[WorkerNum] ← WorkerTotal[WorkerNum] + ProductionData[WorkerNum, DayNum] **ENDFOR ENDFOR** FOR WorkerNum ← 1 TO 3 WorkerAverage = WorkerTotal[WorkerNum] / DailyHoursWorked[WorkerNum] IF WorkerAverage < 2</pre> THEN OUTPUT "Investigate" WorkerNum ENDIF **ENDFOR** ENDPROCEDURE Mark as follows: All '3's changed to NumWorkers All '4's changed to NumDays WorkerAverage '4' changed to NumDays [3]

[1]

(iii) (CALL) AnalyseProductionData(7, 13)