

## **Cambridge International Examinations**

Cambridge International AS & A Level	Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level
CANDIDATE NAME	
CENTRE NUMBER	CANDIDATE NUMBER



**COMPUTER SCIENCE** 9608/22

Paper 2 Fundamental Problem-solving and Programming Skills

May/June 2015

2 hours

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

No calculators allowed.

## **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces at the top of this page. Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

The maximum number of marks is 75.

This document consists of 19 printed pages and 1 blank page.



gram code.

you will use.

Throughout the paper you will be asked to write either **pseudocode** or **program code**.

Complete the statement to indicate which high-level programming language you will use.

Programming language .....

1 A marathon runner records their time for a race in hours, minutes and seconds.

An algorithm is shown below in structured English.

INPUT race time as hours, minutes and seconds

CALCULATE race time in seconds

STORE race time in seconds

OUTPUT race time in seconds

(a) The identifier table needs to show the variables required to write a program for this algorithm.

Complete the table.

Identifier	Data type	Description
RaceHours	INTEGER	The hours part of the race time.

[3]

**(b)** Before the program is written, the design is amended.

The new design includes input of the runner's current personal best marathon time (in seconds).

The output will now also show one of the following messages:

- "Personal best time is unchanged"
- "New personal best time"
- "Equals personal best time"
- (i) Show the additional variable needed for the new design.

Identifier	Data type	Description

[1]

(ii) Write program code for the new design.  Visual Basic and Pascal: You should include the declaration statements for variables  Python: You should show a comment statement for each variable used with its data type
3
(ii) Write program code for the new design.
Visual Basic and Pascal: You should include the declaration statements for variables
Python: You should show a comment statement for each variable used with its data type
Programming language
[7]

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C)	The	e program code will be tested using white-box testing.	ER.
	(i)	Explain what is meant by white-box testing.	Bridge

(ii) Complete the table heading.

Complete Test Number 1.

Add the data for Test Number 2 and Test Number 3.

	Input values				Output	
Test number	Race hours	Race minutes	Race seconds		Total time (seconds)	Message
1	3	4	13	11053	11053	
2				11053		
3				11053		

[6]

2 A program displays a menu with choices 1 to 4. The code to display the menu is W

prod	cedure DisplayMenu.
(a)	Pseudocode which uses this procedure is:

		the state of the s
		5
		am displays a menu with choices 1 to 4. The code to display the menu is well and the displayMenu.  Sudocode which uses this procedure is:  CALL DisplayMenu REPEAT
(a)	Pse	eudocode which uses this procedure is:
		CALL DisplayMenu REPEAT OUTPUT "Enter choice (14)" INPUT Choice UNTIL Choice >= 1 AND Choice <= 4
	(i)	Describe what this pseudocode will do.
		[3]
	(ii)	State why a loop is required.
		[1]
(b)	The	following pseudocode is a revised design.
		CONSTANT i ← 3  CALL DisplayMenu  NoOfAttempts ← 0  REPEAT

(i) Give the maximum number of inputs the user could be prompted to make.

UNTIL (Choice >= 1 AND Choice <= 4) OR NoOfAttempts = i

OUTPUT "Enter choice (1..4)"

NoOfAttempts ← NoOfAttempts + 1

INPUT Choice

ra	
 [1	J

(ii) State why this algorithm is an improvement on the one given in part (a).

[1]	

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(c) The pseudocode is in its initial stage of development.

The table below shows the action currently taken by the pseudocode following each choice.

Menu choice	Description	Program response
1	Read data from the customer file	Calls a procedure ReadFile which for testing purposes outputs the message "Read file code"
2	Add a customer	Outputs message "Add customer code"
3	Search for a customer	Outputs message "Search customer code"
4	Terminates the program	Ends

Complete the pseudocode for the design in **part (b)**, shown again below, to respond to each menu choice.

```
CONSTANT i ← 3

CALL DisplayMenu
NOOfAttempts ← 0
REPEAT

OUTPUT "Enter choice (1..4)"

INPUT Choice

NOOfAttempts ← NOOfAttempts + 1

UNTIL (Choice >= 1 AND Choice <= 4) OR NOOfAttempts = i
```

Visual Basic and Pascal: You should include the declaration statements for variables.

(d) The algorithm in part (c) is to be amended. The program will:

- repeatedly display the menu and respond to the user's choice
- terminate when the user enters 4

Write **program code** for this final design which will be made up of:

- the main program
- procedure ReadFile
- procedure DisplayMenu

Python: You should show a comment statement for each variable used with its data type.
Programming language

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www.papaCambridge.com When the guarantee on a computer runs out, the owner can take out insurance to cove 3 and repairs.

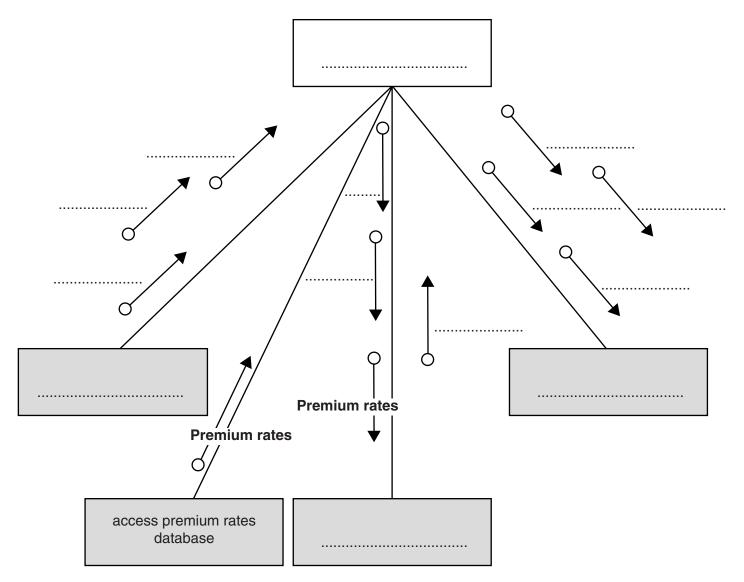
The price of the insurance is calculated from:

- the model of the computer
- the age of the computer
- the current insurance rates

Following an enquiry to the insurance company, the customer receives a quotation letter with the price of the insurance.

A program is to be produced.

The structure chart below shows the modular design for this process:



www.PapaCambridge.com (a) Using the letters A to D, add the labelling to the chart boxes on the opposite page

Modules	
Α	Send quotation letter
В	Calculate price
С	Produce insurance quotation
D	Input computer details

**(b)** Using the letters  $\mathbf{E}$  to  $\mathbf{J}$ , complete the labelling on the chart opposite.

Some of these letters will be used more than once.

Data items			
E	CustomerName		
F	CustomerEmail		
G	Model		
Н	Age		
I	PolicyCharge		
J	PolicyNumber		

[4]

[2]

- A game is played between two players:
- www.PapaCambridge.com they take turns at rolling a six-sided die (numbered 1 to 6) and record their throw
  - a player scores 1 point if their throw is higher than their opponent
  - they each roll the die 20 times
  - if the player's throw is the same as their opponent, the total points is unchanged
  - the winner is the player with the larger number of points after 20 throws

The pseudocode will use variable NoOfThrows as shown.

Identifier	Data type	Description
NoOfThrows	INTEGER	Loop control variable

Complete the pseudocode for the given algorithm.
FOR
INPUT Player1Throw
<pre>IF Player1Throw &gt; Player2Throw   THEN</pre>
ENDIF
<pre>IF Player2Throw &gt; Player1Throw   THEN   Player2Total ← Player2Total + 1</pre>
ENDIF
IF Player1Total > Player2Total
THEN OUTPUT "Player1 is the winner" ELSE
OUTPUT "Player2 is the winner"
ENDIF [5]
Identify the game result which will produce incorrect output.

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Question 5 begins on page 12.

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**5** A company creates two new websites, Site X and Site Y, for selling bicycles.

Various programs are to be written to process the sales data.

These programs will use data about daily sales made from Site X (using variable SalesX) and Site Y (using variable SalesY).

Data for the first 28 days is shown below.

	SalesDate	SalesX	SalesY
1	03/06/2015	0	1
2	04/06/2015	1	2
3	05/06/2015	3	8
4	06/06/2015	0	0
5	07/06/2015	4	6
6	08/06/2015	4	4
7	09/06/2015	5	9
8	10/06/2015	11	9
9	11/06/2015	4	1
28	01/07/2015	14	8

(a)	Name the data structure to be used in a program for SalesX.	
-----	---	--

[2]

www.PapaCambridge.com **(b)** The programmer writes a program from the following pseudocode design.

```
x \leftarrow 0
FOR DayNumber ← 1 TO 7
   IF SalesX[DayNumber] + SalesY[DayNumber] >= 10
       THEN
          x \leftarrow x + 1
          OUTPUT SalesDate[DayNumber]
   ENDIF
ENDFOR
OUTPUT x
```

Trace the execution of this pseudocode by completing the trace table below.

х	DayNumber	OUTPUT
0		

(ii)	Describe, in detail, what this algorithm does.
	ſ:

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[4]

(c) The company wants a program to output the total monthly sales for one of websites.

The programmer codes a function with the following function header:

www.PapaCambridge.com FUNCTION MonthlyWebSiteSales(ThisMonth: INTEGER, ThisSite: CHAR) RETURNS INTEGER

The function returns the total number of bicycles sold for the given month and website.

The function will use the following:

Identifier	Data type	Description
ThisMonth	INTEGER	Represents the month number e.g. 4 represents April
ThisSite	CHAR	Coded as:      X for website X     Y for Website Y

- (i) Give the number of parameters of this function. .....[1]
- (ii) Some of the following function calls may be invalid.

Mark each call with:

- a tick (✓), for a valid call
- a cross (X), for an invalid call

For any function calls which are invalid, explain why.

Function call	Tick (✓) /cross (✗)	Explanation (if invalid)
MonthlyWebSiteSales(1, "Y")		
MonthlyWebSiteSales(11, 'X', 'Y')		
MonthlyWebSiteSales(12, 'X')		[3

(d) The company decides to offer a discount on selected dates. A program is writte the dates on which a discount is offered.

The program creates a text file, DISCOUNT\_DATES (with data as shown), for a number consecutive dates.

03/06/2015 TRUE  04/06/2015 FALSE  05/06/2015 FALSE  06/06/2015 FALSE  07/06/2015 FALSE  08/06/2015 FALSE  09/06/2015 TRUE  11/06/2015 TRUE  11/06/2015 FALSE		
05/06/2015 FALSE  06/06/2015 FALSE  07/06/2015 FALSE  08/06/2015 FALSE  09/06/2015 FALSE  10/06/2015 TRUE  11/06/2015 FALSE	03/06/2015	TRUE
06/06/2015 FALSE  07/06/2015 FALSE  08/06/2015 FALSE  09/06/2015 FALSE  10/06/2015 TRUE  11/06/2015 FALSE	04/06/2015	FALSE
07/06/2015 FALSE  08/06/2015 FALSE  09/06/2015 FALSE  10/06/2015 TRUE  11/06/2015 FALSE	05/06/2015	FALSE
08/06/2015 FALSE  09/06/2015 FALSE  10/06/2015 TRUE  11/06/2015 FALSE	06/06/2015	FALSE
09/06/2015 FALSE  10/06/2015 TRUE  11/06/2015 FALSE	07/06/2015	FALSE
10/06/2015 TRUE  11/06/2015 FALSE	08/06/2015	FALSE
11/06/2015 FALSE	09/06/2015	FALSE
	10/06/2015	TRUE
01/07/2015 FALSE	11/06/2015	FALSE
01/07/2015 FALSE		-
01/07/2015 FALSE		
	01/07/2015	FALSE

Each date and discount indicator is separated by a single <Space> character.

The discount indicators are:

- FALSE indicates a date on which no discount is offered
- TRUE indicates a date on which a discount is offered

A programming language has the built-in function CONCAT defined as follows:

```
CONCAT(String1 : STRING, String2 : STRING [, String3 : STRING] )

RETURNS STRING

For example:

CONCAT("San", "Francisco") returns "SanFrancisco"

CONCAT("New", "York", "City") returns "NewYorkCity"
```

The use of the square brackets indicates that the parameter is optional.

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The following incomplete pseudocode creates the text file DISCOUNT\_DATES.

Complete the pseudocode.

wing incomplete pseudocode creates the text file DISCOUNT_DATES.  e the pseudocode.  OPENFILE "DISCOUNT_DATES" FOR	
16	
wing incomplete pseudocode creates the text file DISCOUNT_DATES.	
e the pseudocode.	Stick
OPENFILE "DISCOUNT_DATES" FOR	Se. CO.
INPUT	13
WHILE NextDate <> "XXX"	•
INPUT Discount	
= CONCAT(NextDate, " ", Discount)	
WRITEFILE "DISCOUNT_DATES", NextLine	
INPUT NextDate	
OUTPUT "File now created"	
CLOSEFILE	[4]

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Question 5(e) continues on page 18.

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(e) The DISCOUNT\_DATES text file is successfully created.

The company now wants a program to:

- key in a date entered by the user
- search the text file for this date
- if found, output one of the following messages:
  - o "No discount on this date"
  - o "This is a discount date"
- if not found, output "Date not found"
- (i) Add to the identifier table to show the variables you need for this new program.

Identifier	Data type	Description
DISCOUNT_DATES	FILE	Text file to be used

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Programn	ning langua	ge	 	 	used.
J	5 5 .	,			
		•••••	 	 	
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