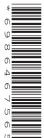


Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International AS & A Level	Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level
CANDIDATE NAME	
CENTRE NUMBER	CANDIDATE NUMBER



COMPUTING 9691/13

Paper 1 May/June 2015 1 hour 30 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No additional materials are required.

No calculators allowed.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.



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- 1 There are currently three types of secondary storage medium:
 - magnetic
 - optical
 - solid state

(a)	Give one example of each type of storage medium. Describe how data are stored on each or
	these types.

	(1)	Magnetic	
		Example	
		Description	
			[2]
	(ii)	Optical	
		Example	
		Description	
			[2]
	(iii)	Solid state	
		Example	
		Description	
			[2]
(b)	Give	e two advantages of solid state media when compared to magnetic media.	
	1		
	2		
			[2]

Draw a line to link each question to the appropriate numerical answer.

Question

The following binary pattern 1010011000111101 is stored in X bytes. What is the value of X?

A stack contains the values shown on the right.

x ← POP

What is the value of x?

6 8 10

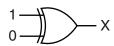
Odd parity is used as an error check when sending data. If X represents the parity bit, what is the value of X in the byte below?

X1100010

What denary value, X, is represented by the binary number below?

00001100

What is the value of X in the following logic gate?



An array, Number, contains;

4 8 2 6

4 6 4 8

 $x \leftarrow \text{Number } [2, 4]$

What is x?

If $2^X = 1024$, what is the value of X?

Answer Conn

0

1

2

4

6

8

10

12

[7]

A company designs and sells car parts. The following tasks to perform:	company has three departments white the transfer of the transf	an.
Department	Task	Se !
Design	design and test new car parts	COM
Finance	produce hard copy reports on production costs, sales and profits	
Marketing and Sales	present information to prospective customers	

All tasks will use specialist software, a monitor, a keyboard and a mouse.

(a) Design and test new car parts

(i)	Describe two features of CAD software which make it suitable for this task.	
	Feature 1	
	Feature 2	
		[2
(ii)	Name one other device suitable for this task. Justify your choice.	
	Device	
	Justification	

[2]

(b) Produce hard copy reports on production costs, sales and profits

MMM. PahaCan

	(i)	Describe two features of spreadsheet software which make it suitable for this task	Morio
		Feature 1	
		Feature 2	
			[2]
	(ii)	Name one other device suitable for this task. Justify your choice.	
		Device	
		Justification	
(c)	Pre	esent information to prospective customers	[2]
(0)	(i)	Describe two features of presentation software which make it suitable for this task.	
	(1)	Feature 1	
		Feature 2	
		realule 2	
			[2]
	(ii)	Name one other device suitable for this task. Justify your choice.	
		Device	
		Justification	

A safety monitoring system uses three inputs S, T and G. These inputs are used in a 4 which produces an output value, X.

hich produces	ring system uses three input an output value, X. of each input is shown in the		G. These inputs are used in a Cannon Conditions
Parameter	Description	Binary value	Conditions
S	cound lovel	1	sound level >= 90 dB
5	sound level	0	sound level < 90 dB
-	town a water wa	1	temperature >= 35°C
Т	temperature	0	temperature < 35°C
		1	oxygen level >= 75%
G	oxygen level	0	oxygen level < 75%

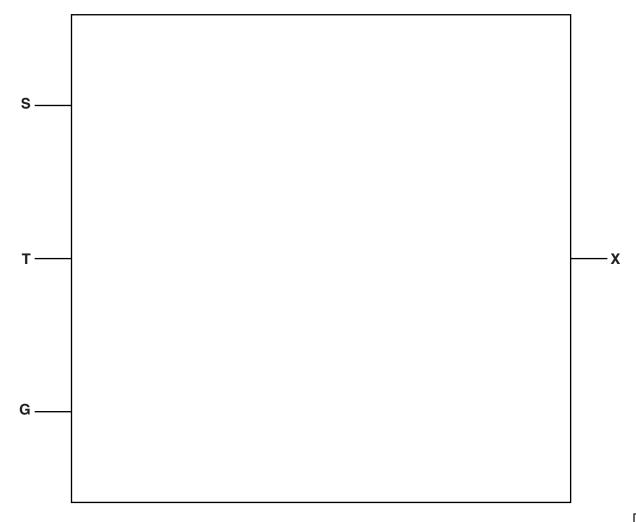
X has the value 1, if:

either sound level >= 90 dB and temperature >= 35°C

temperature >= 35°C and oxygen level < 75% or

or sound level < 90 dB and oxygen level >= 75%

(a) Draw a logic circuit to represent the above safety system.



			7	A. Day
Comple	te the truth t	able for this safet	y system.	Output X
	Inputs		Workspace	Output
S	Т	G		X
0	0	0		
0	0	1		
0	1	0		
0	1	1		
1	0	0		
1	0	1		
1	1	0		
1	1	1		

[4]

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5 (a) A local area network has four computers.

Star, ring and bus are network topologies.

Complete the diagrams to show how the computers are connected in each of these topologies



[4]

(b)	Des	Star	
	(i)	Star	Orio
		1	
		2	
			[2]
			,
	(ii)	Ring	
		1	
		2	
			[2]
1	(iii)	Bus	
		1	
		2	
			[2]

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[1]

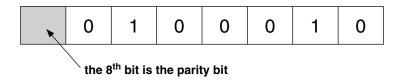
6 A satellite television receiver has a number of channels:

Category	Channels
News	10 to 19
Film	20 to 29
Plays and documentaries	30 to 39
Sport	40 to 49
Comedy	50 to 59
Special interest	60 to 69
Motoring and leisure	70 to 79

A user keys in a choice of channel using a handset.

The handset and the receiver are each controlled by a microprocessor.

When a user keys in 34, this value is stored in an 8-bit register as shown below:



(a) A user keys in 47.

Show the value stored in the 8-bit register.



(b) Calculate which channel has been selected if the 8-bit register contains:

	1	0	0	1	0	1	1
--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

_____[1

(c) Describe what could happen if the handset transmits the following selection:

		1	0	1	0	1	0	0
--	--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

(d)	Even parity is used when the handset transmits data to the receiver.	1
	Even parity is used when the handset transmits data to the receiver. Give the parity bit that is required in the 8-bit register in part (c).	70
(e)	The satellite transmits data. Serial, simplex transmission is used.	
	Describe what is meant by the following two terms:	
	Serial	
	Simplex	
		 [2]
		[-]

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www.PapaCambridge.com 7 An electricity power station is monitored and controlled by a computer system. Staff station can use the computer system to monitor and control what is happening from control room.

The computer system was first installed in 1995. Both hardware and software have not change significantly since then.

(a)	Give four reasons why the power station management have decided to replace the entire computer system.
	1
	2
	3
	4

(b) Below are four descriptions of how changeover to a new computer system can be achieved. Name each method of changeover.

Description	Name of method
Immediately introduce the new system all in one go; the benefits of the new system are noticed straight away.	
A company with a number of departments introduces the new system, one department at a time, to see how it works.	
The new and old system are run together; if the new system fails, the old system is still available as a back-up.	
The new system is introduced one part at a time; once a part is shown to work, the next part is introduced. This continues until the whole of the old system has been replaced.	

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8 A student is sitting an A level Computing exam paper.

He makes the following five statements.

Explain why all five statements are **incorrect**.

(i)	"Information being read from a number of barcodes at a POS terminal is an example of batch processing."
	[1]
(ii)	"Typing in an email address twice into a computer to check it is correct is an example of validation."
	[1]
(iii)	"A queue is an example of a LIFO structure."
(iv)	"ROM is an example of a temporary, volatile memory."
()	
	[1]
(v)	
	[1]

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www.PapaCambridge.com 9 A manufacturer makes bicycles. Manufacture consists of four stages. Each bicycle is it moves through the four stages.

Stage	Description	
1	welding the metal parts together	
2	painting the metal components	
3	final assembly of all the parts	
4	quality control	

Each bicycle has a unique code. Four model types, A, B, C and D are manufactured. Each code consists of the model type followed by four digits.

A computer screen in the office shows the current stage of each bicycle. A labelled graphic is used to identify each bicycle. The graphic's label consists of the bicycle's code together with a suffix to indicate the current stage. For example, bicycle B1504 at stage 3 is represented by:



(a) Data for four bicycles currently being made are shown below:

Bicycle code	B1504	A0046	B1600	D0088
Stage	3	1	3	4

Complete the screen display:

A	<i>\$</i> ₹6			
В			A A	
С				
D				<i>\$</i> ₹0
	1	2	3	4

	the state of the s
	15
b)	Each bicycle is made to a customer's own specification. When the customer place additional data such as colour, frame size and number of gears are stored. A week after placing their order, a customer calls the office to confirm the number of generated. This query needs to be answered quickly.
	A week after placing their order, a customer calls the office to confirm the number of g they requested. This query needs to be answered quickly.
	Describe features that the screen display needs to have without having all the bicycle data permanently displayed.
	[2]
c)	Each stage of a bicycle's manufacture is controlled by a computer system.
	Robots are used at the welding, painting and final assembly stages (stages 1 to 3). Bicycles are moved from one stage to the next on a conveyor belt.
	The computer system is updated with the current stage of each bicycle as it is manufactured
	Describe the hardware and software needed to do this.
	[4]

16

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