#### **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

# MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2015 series

# 9706 ACCOUNTING

**9706/22** Paper 2 (Structured Questions – Core),

maximum raw mark 90

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# 1 (a)

# Winners Athletic Club Shop

Income Statement for the year ended 30 June 2015

	\$	\$
Sales (690 <b>(1)</b> + 6 670 – 540 <b>(1)</b> )		6820
Opening inventory *	640	
Add purchases (429 (1) + 2 590 – 376 (1))	2643	
	3283	
Less closing inventory *	530 <b>(1 bot</b>	h *) 2753
Gross profit	<del></del> -	4067
Wages	2780 <b>(1)</b>	
Bad debt	60 <b>(1)</b>	2840
Profit for the year		1227

[7]

(b)

# Winners Athletic Club

Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 30 June 2015

\$ 1227 Shop profits Subscriptions [(485 + 895 + 2100] (1) -[(675 + 345 + 8690)] (1) 6230 (1)OF Less costs (3720 – 275 (1) – 2 120 (1)) 1325 Life membership 460 **(1)** 9242 Entry fees (2160 +140) 2300 (1) 126 (1) Bank charges Depreciation 1768 (1)CF Secretary's expenses 1370 Loss on equip. sale 260 (1)CF 5824 Surplus for the year 3418 **(1)OF** 

[11]

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(c)

Winners Athletic Club	
Statement of Financial Position at 30 June	2015
\$	\$

Non-current assets

Equipment at net book value (W1)

7072 **(1)OF** 

\$

**Current assets** 

530 Inventory Trade receivables 630 }

345 }(1) for both Subs in arrears

1844 **(1)** Bank (1970–126)

**Current liabilities** 3349

429 Trade payables Subs in advance 895 Events in advance 275 }

140 **}(1)**for both Entries in arrears <u>1739</u> <u>1610</u>

8682

Financed by

Accumulated fund (W2) 1124 **(2)** 

Add surplus 3418 (1) OF 4542

Life membership fund (W3) 4140 (1)CF 8682

[8]

**W1** NBV = 8840 - 1768(OF) = 7072

**W2** Opening accumulated fund: 640 + 540 + 6700 + 485

= 8365(1) - (3690 + 2500 + 376 + 675)(1) = 1124

**W3** Life membership 2500 + 2100 - 460 = 4140

- (d) These people are not paid (1), it cannot be entered in the accounts. Money measurement concept (1) [2]
- (e) The revenue and income must be matched to the period being reported and if these were not entered then the surplus/deficit maybe under/overstated (1). Matching/accruals concept (1) [2]

[Total: 30]

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2	(a)
_	\u,

	Add	Deduct	Total
	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
Original net profit			53 400 <b>(1)</b>
Damaged inventory		1 540 <b>(2)</b>	
Loan interest		1 440 <b>(2)</b>	
Insurance		3 000 (2)	
Depreciation	4 500 <b>(2)</b>		
	4 500	5 980	1 480
			51 920 <b>(1of)</b>

# Where 2 marks are awardable, award 1 for correct figure, 1 for correct application [10]

(b)

# Francis Flintoff Corrected Statement of Financial Position at 31 December 2014 \$

Assets

Non-current assets

Buildings at valuation 254 000
Office equipment at book value 74 500
Motor vehicles at book value 45 000 (1)OF
373 500 (1)OF

Current assets

Inventory 64 060 (1)OF
Trade receivables 14 800

Cash and cash equivalents 14 200 (1) CF 93 060

Total assets 466 560 (1)OF

Capital and liabilities

Capital at 1 January 2014 348 200

Amended profit for year 51 920 (2)CF

or (1)OF

Non-current liability

6% loan repayable 2021 24 000 **(1)** 

**Current liabilities** 

Trade payables 38 000

Other payables (1440 (1)OF + 3000 (1)OF) 4 440 42 440

466 560

[10]

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#### (c) 1 Trade creditors (suppliers)

Need to know the organisation's ability to pay its debts and continue to supply .

# 2 Providers of finance to the business (e.g. banks).

Need to know that business can pay interest/repay loans/grant finance.

#### 3 Trade unions.

Need to know financial situation as a means of discussing working conditions and pay/job security.

# 4 Financial analysts (e.g. stockbrokers)

Need information to help advise clients

# 5 Government and its agencies

Interested in allocation of resources also to provide a basis for national statistics Inland revenue for taxation purposes.

# 6 The public

Need information regarding jobs and may be local suppliers

# 7 Trade receivables (customers)

Interested in continuity of business for supply of goods/services

#### 8 Competitors

To compare to their own business.

# 9 (Potential) investors

Need to know whether the investment is worthwhile.

#### 10 Auditors

Need to examine the accounts.

Maximum **two** marks per user, **one** for title and **one** for their interest to a maximum of **ten** marks

[Total: 30]

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3 (a) (i) SP = \$4 400 000 / 40 000 units = \$110 Contribution = \$110 (1) - (\$1 400 000 + \$1 000 000 + \$400 000 (1) / 40 000) = \$40 [2]

[2]OF

(iii) Margin of safety = 
$$40\ 000 - 37\ 500 = 2\ 500$$
 units

[1]OF

(b) (i) Selling price = \$110 - \$11 = \$99 (1) Sales =  $40\ 000 \times 1.2 = 48\ 000$  units Variable costs per unit =  $$1\ 400\ 000 + (1\ 000\ 000\ x\ 1.03) + $400\ 000$ =  $$2\ 830\ 000$  (1)  $/\ 40\ 000$  (1) = \$70.75Fixed costs =  $$1\ 500\ 000\ x\ 0.9 = $1\ 350\ 000$ Contribution per unit = \$99 - \$70.75 = \$28.25 (1)

[4]OF

(ii) Breakeven = \$1 350 000 (1) / \$28.25 (1of)= 47 788 units

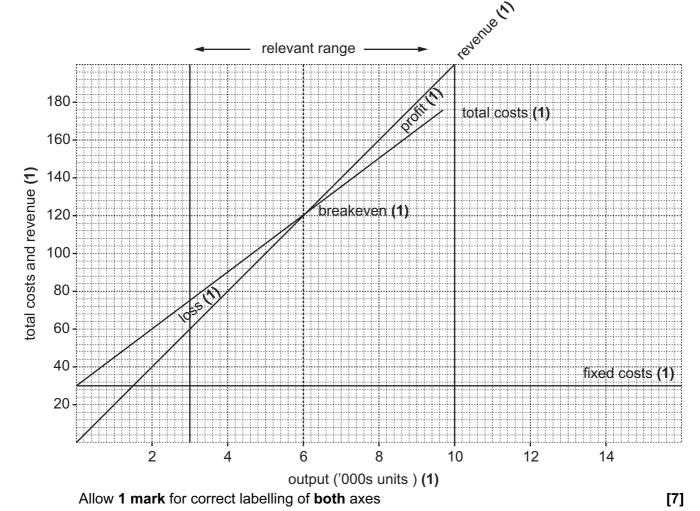
[2]OF

(iii) Margin of safety = 
$$48\ 000 - 47\ 788 = 212\ units$$
 (1of)

[1]OF

(c) 
$$(\$30\ 000\ /\ 12\ months = \$2500\ (1))\ /\ (\$20-\$15=\$5) = 500\ units \times \$20 = \$10\ 000\ (1)$$
 [2]





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- (e) 1 All variable costs per unit remain constant.
  - 2 Fixed costs do not change within the relevant range.
  - 3 Deals with only a single product or a constant sales mix.
  - 4 Total costs and total revenue are linear.
  - **5** Costs can be accurately classified into fixed or variable.
  - **6** Chart applies to the relevant range only.
  - 7 Chart covers only the short-term.
  - 8 All units produced are sold i.e. there is no inventory.
  - **9** It assumes that the selling price is constant at all levels of output.

#### (1 per assumption) Max 3

[3]

- (f) Making decisions on allocation (1) of scarce/limited resources (1)
  - Accept orders below normal selling price (1) if spare capacity (1)
  - Determine the selling prices (1) of entering into a new market (1)
  - The use of sensitivity analysis (1) if there is a change in output/cost structure (1)
  - Accept or reject orders (1) below normal selling price (1)
  - Whether to close down a department/discontinue a product (1) positive/negative contribution (1)
  - To ascertain the additional overhead (1) in producing one extra unit (1)
  - To ascertain the required turnover (1) to achieve a target profit (1)

[max 3 + 3]

[Total: 30]