



# **Cambridge International Examinations**

Cambridge International Advanced Level

| CANDIDATE<br>NAME |            |            |          |       |                     |     |       |       |
|-------------------|------------|------------|----------|-------|---------------------|-----|-------|-------|
| CENTRE<br>NUMBER  |            |            |          |       | CANDIDATE<br>NUMBER |     |       |       |
| FURTHER MAT       | HEMATIC    | S          |          |       |                     |     | 92    | 31/23 |
| Paper 2           |            |            |          |       |                     | May | /June | 2017  |
|                   |            |            |          |       |                     |     | 3     | hours |
| Candidates answ   | ver on the | Question   | Paper.   |       |                     |     |       |       |
| Additional Mater  | ials: I    | ist of For | mulae (M | 1F10) |                     |     |       |       |

#### **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces at the top of this page.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

### Answer all the questions.

Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place in the case of angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

Where a numerical value is necessary, take the acceleration due to gravity to be  $10 \,\mathrm{m}\,\mathrm{s}^{-2}$ .

The use of a calculator is expected, where appropriate.

Results obtained solely from a graphic calculator, without supporting working or reasoning, will not receive credit.

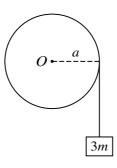
You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.



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| A uniform disc with centre $O$ , mass $m$ and radius $a$ is free to rotate without resistance in a vertical plane about a horizontal axis through $O$ . One end of a light inextensible string is attached to the rim of the disc and wrapped around the rim. The other end of the string is attached to a block of mass $3m$ (see diagram). The system is released from rest with the block hanging vertically. While the block is in motion, it experiences a constant vertical resisting force of magnitude $0.9mg$ . Find the tension in the string in terms of $m$ and $g$ . |
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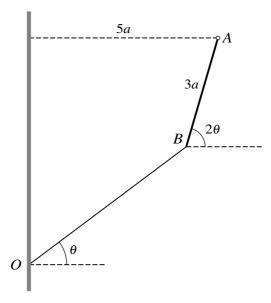
| (i)  | Find the distance $OM$ .                                     |  |
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| The  | time taken by $P$ to travel directly from $L$ to $M$ is 2 s. |  |
| (ii) | Find the period of the motion.                               |  |
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| (iii) | Find the speed of $P$ when it passes through $L$ . [2] |
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Two uniform small smooth spheres A and B have equal radii and each has mass m. Sphere A is

| on between B and the wall is $\frac{1}{3}$ .                                  |     |
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| bw that the speed of B after its collision with the wall is $\frac{5}{18}u$ . | [4] |
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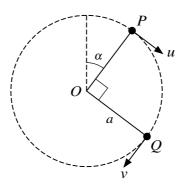
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A uniform rod AB of length 3a and weight W is freely hinged to a fixed point at the end A. The end B is below the level of A and is attached to one end of a light elastic string of natural length 4a. The other end of the string is attached to a point O on a vertical wall. The horizontal distance between A and the wall is 5a. The string and the rod make angles  $\theta$  and  $2\theta$  respectively with the horizontal (see diagram). The system is in equilibrium with the rod and the string in the same vertical plane. It is given that  $\sin \theta = \frac{3}{5}$  and you may use the fact that  $\cos 2\theta = \frac{7}{25}$ .

| Find the tension in the string in terms of $W$ . | [3]   |
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| Find the angle | e that the force | acting on the rod | at A makes with t | the horizontal. |           |
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A particle of mass m is attached to one end of a light inextensible string of length a. The other end of the string is attached to a fixed point O. The particle is moving in complete vertical circles with the string taut. When the particle is at the point P, where OP makes an angle  $\alpha$  with the upward vertical through O, its speed is O. When the particle is at the point O, where angle O0 = 90°, its speed is O0 (see diagram). It is given that O0 = O1.

| (i)  | Show that $v^2 = u^2 + \frac{14}{5}ag$ . [2]  |
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| The  | tension in the string when the particle is at $Q$ is twice the tension in the string when the particle $P$ .    |
| (ii) | Obtain another equation relating $u^2$ , $v^2$ , $a$ and $g$ , and hence find $u$ in terms of $a$ and $g$ . [5] |
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| Find the least tension in the string during the motion. |                             |                       |         |        |       |
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| ind the least tension in the string during the motion.  |                             |                       |         |        |       |
| Find the least tension in the string during the motion. |                             |                       |         |        |       |
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| Find the least tension in the string during the motion. |                             |                       |         |        |       |
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| ind the least tension in the string during the motion.  |                             |                       |         | •••••• | ••••• |
| Find the least tension in the string during the motion. |                             |                       |         |        | ••••• |
| Find the least tension in the string during the motion. |                             |                       |         |        | ••••• |
| Find the least tension in the string during the motion. |                             |                       |         |        | ••••• |
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|   | Find the least tension in t | the string during the | motion. |        | [3]   |
|   | Find the least tension in t | the string during the |         |        |       |
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|                          | $\Sigma x = 4$ , | $\Sigma x^2 = 10,$     | $\Sigma y = 8$ , | $\Sigma y^2 = 102.$ |     |
|--------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------|---------------------|-----|
| These data give a pooled | l estimate       | of 10 for $\sigma^2$ . | Find <i>N</i> .  |                     | [5] |
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equations of the regression lines of y on x and of x on y are respectively

7

A random sample of twelve pairs of values of x and y is taken from a bivariate distribution. The

|      | y = 0.46x + 1.62 and $x = 0.93y + 8.24$ .  |
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| (i)  | Find the value of the product moment correlation coefficient for this sample. [2]                |
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| (ii) | Using a 5% significance level, test whether there is non-zero correlation between the variables. |
| (11) | [4]  |
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The number, x, of beech trees was counted in each of 50 randomly chosen regions of equal size in

| $\Sigma x = 1416$                      | $\Sigma x^2 = 41\ 100$ | $\Sigma y = 888$ | $\Sigma y^2 = 20140$                |
|--|------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|
| onfidence intervace country $A$ and in |                        | e between the r  | mean number of beech trees in regio |
| <br>                                   |                        |                  |                                     |
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X has probability density functi  

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0, \\ ae^{-x \ln 2} & x \ge 0, \end{cases}$$

where a is a positive constant.

| (i)   | Find the value of $a$ .               | [2] |
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| (ii)  | State the value of $E(X)$ .           | [1] |
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| (iii) | Find the interquartile range of $X$ . | [4] |
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| Find the probability density function of $Y$ . |           |
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10 Roberto owns a small hotel and offers accommodation to guests. Over a period of 100 nights, the numbers of rooms, *x*, that are occupied each night at Roberto's hotel and the corresponding frequencies are shown in the following table.

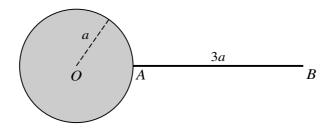
| Number of rooms occupied (x) | 0 | 1 | 2  | 3  | 4  | 5  | 6 | ≥ 7 |
|------------------------------|---|---|----|----|----|----|---|-----|
| Number of nights             | 4 | 9 | 18 | 26 | 20 | 16 | 7 | 0   |

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| s most o | of the co      | rrespondi                | ing expe   | cted frea   | uencies.   | correct 1   | to 2 de   |
|          |                |                          | mg empe  |   |  |   |   |
| 0        | 1              | 2                        | 3  | 4   | 5  | 6   | ≥ 7   |
| 4        | 9              | 18                       | 26   | 20  | 16   | 7   | 0   |
| 3.88     | 12.60          | 20.48                    | 22.18  | 18.02   | 11.72  |   |   |
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11 Answer only **one** of the following two alternatives.

### **EITHER**



The diagram shows a uniform thin rod AB of length 3a and mass 8m. The end A is rigidly attached to the surface of a sphere with centre O and radius a. The rod is perpendicular to the surface of the sphere. The sphere consists of two parts: an inner uniform solid sphere of mass  $\frac{3}{2}m$  and radius a surrounded by a thin uniform spherical shell of mass m and also of radius a. The horizontal axis l is perpendicular to the rod and passes through the point C on the rod where AC = a.

| (i) | Show that the moment of inertia of the object, consisting of rod, shell and inner sphere, about the axis $l$ is $\frac{289}{15}ma^2$ . | out<br>[6] |
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The object is free to rotate about the axis l. The object is held so that CA makes an angle  $\alpha$  with the downward vertical and is released from rest.

| motion. | [6] |
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## OR

The times taken to run 200 metres at the beginning of the year and at the end of the year are recorded for each member of a large athletics club. The time taken, in seconds, at the beginning of the year is denoted by x and the time taken, in seconds, at the end of the year is denoted by y. For a random sample of 8 members, the results are shown in the following table.

| Member | A    | В    | С    | D    | E    | F    | G    | Н    |
|--------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| x      | 24.2 | 23.8 | 22.8 | 25.1 | 24.5 | 24.0 | 23.8 | 22.8 |
| у      | 23.9 | 23.6 | 22.8 | 24.5 | 24.2 | 23.5 | 23.6 | 22.7 |

 $[\Sigma x = 191, \quad \Sigma x^2 = 4564.46, \quad \Sigma y = 188.8, \quad \Sigma y^2 = 4458.4, \quad \Sigma xy = 4510.99.]$ 

| (i) | Find, showing all necessary working, the equation of the regression line of $y$ on $x$ . [4] |
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The athletics coach believes that, on average, the time taken by an athlete to run 200 metres decreases between the beginning and the end of the year by more than 0.2 seconds.

| C                                       | ance level.                             |       |        |        |        |        |           |        |
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## **BLANK PAGE**

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