



Cambridge International AS & A Level

HISTORY

9389/22

Paper 2 Outline Study

October/November 2020

1 hour 30 minutes

You must answer on the enclosed answer booklet.

You will need: Answer booklet (enclosed)

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **two** questions from **one** section only. Answer **both** parts of the questions.
 - Section A: European Option
 - Section B: American Option
 - Section C: International Option
- Follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet. If you need additional answer paper, ask the invigilator for a continuation booklet.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 60.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has 4 pages. Blank pages are indicated.

Section A: European Option**Modern Europe, 1789–1917**

Answer **both** parts of **two** questions.

1 France, 1789–1814

- (a) Why was Napoleon interested in domestic reform? [10]
- (b) 'Division amongst the revolutionaries was the main cause of political instability in France between 1789 and 1795.' How far do you agree? [20]

2 The Industrial Revolution, c.1800–c.1890

- (a) Why did the factory system develop? [10]
- (b) Who had benefitted more from industrialisation by c.1890, the higher class or the lower class? Refer to any **two** countries from Britain, France and Germany in your answer. [20]

3 The Origins of World War I, 1900–1914

- (a) Why was France intent on going to war with Germany? [10]
- (b) 'Its members only wanted to avoid war.' How far does this explain the development of the Triple Alliance? [20]

4 The Russian Revolution, c.1894–1917

- (a) Why was Lenin's leadership so important to the success of the Bolsheviks in October 1917? [10]
- (b) 'Russia's defeat in the Russo–Japanese War was the main cause of the 1905 Revolution.' How far do you agree? [20]

Section B: American Option**The History of the USA, 1840–1941**

Answer **both** parts of **two** questions.

5 The Expansion of US Power from the 1840s to the 1930s

- (a) Why was the concept of Manifest Destiny important to the expansion of US power from the mid-1840s onwards? [10]
- (b) 'The United States did not become a great naval power until after the First World War.' How far do you agree? [20]

6 Civil War and Reconstruction, 1861–1877

- (a) Why was the North slow to turn its superiority of resources into military victory? [10]
- (b) How successfully did the 'White South' resist rule by the North after the Civil War? [20]

7 The Gilded Age and the Progressive Era, from the 1870s to the 1920s

- (a) Why did American agriculture experience ongoing hardship in the late nineteenth century? [10]
- (b) 'Effective at the state level, ineffective at the national level.' How accurate is this judgement on the campaigns to introduce votes for women? [20]

8 The Great Crash, the Great Depression and the New Deal, from the 1920s to 1941

- (a) Why did President Roosevelt abandon his plan to 'pack' the US Supreme Court? [10]
- (b) 'President Hoover's response to the Great Crash was consistently conservative.' How far do you agree? [20]

Section C: International Option
International Relations, 1871–1945

Answer **both** parts of **two** questions.

9 International Relations, 1871–1918

- (a) Why did the Kruger Telegram increase tensions between Britain and Germany? [10]
- (b) To what extent was detailed military planning the reason for the outbreak of war in 1914? [20]

10 International Relations, 1919–1933

- (a) Why was there an international crisis over the Ruhr in 1923? [10]
- (b) 'Increased tensions in Europe after 1929 were caused by the Wall Street Crash.' How far do you agree? [20]

11 International Relations, c.1933–1939

- (a) Why did Mussolini oppose German intentions in Austria in July 1934? [10]
- (b) How important was the outcome of the Munich Conference in causing the outbreak of war in September 1939? [20]

12 China and Japan, 1919–1945

- (a) Why did the Chinese Communist Party establish a base in Yen-an in October 1935? [10]
- (b) How far was the rise of militarism in Japan caused by the failure of democracy? [20]

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