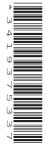


Cambridge International A Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		



TAMIL 9689/51

Paper 5 Prose October/November 2021

45 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Translate the passage overleaf into Tamil.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer in the space provided.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- Dictionaries are **not** allowed.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 40.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

கட்டளைகள்

- அடுத்த பக்கத்தில் கொடுத்துள்ள பத்தியை **தமிழில்** மொழிபெயர்க்கவும்.
- கருப்பு அல்லது கரு நீலப் பேனாவைப் பயன்படுத்தவும். எழுத்துக்களை அழிக்கும் திரவத்தையோ, அழிக்கும் பேனாவையோ பயன்படுத்தக்கூடாது
- உங்களுடைய பெயர், சென்டர் எண், உங்கள் எண் ஆகியவற்றை, இந்தப்பக்கத்தின் மேலேயுள்ள, அதற்கான இடத்தில் எழுதவும்.
- கொடுக்கப்பட்ட இடத்தில் விடை எழுதவும்.
- எந்த பார்க்கோடிலும் எழுதக்கூடாது.
- அகராதிகள் அனுமதிக்கப்படமாட்டாது.

தகவல்

- இந்தக் கேள்வித்தாளுக்கான மொத்த மதிப்பெண்கள் 40.
- ஒவ்வொரு கேள்விக்கு அல்லது கேள்வியின் பகுதிக்கான மதிப்பெண்கள் அடைப்புக்குறிக்குள் [] உள்ளன.

This document has 4 pages.

Translate into **Tamil**:

It is estimated that 71% of the earth's surface is covered by water, and almost all of it is to be found in our seas. The fresh water we drink comes from lakes and rivers which are filled directly by rain and indirectly by underground channels. In some parts of the world, survival depends on the arrival of the rainy season. Lack of rain can result in severe drought which has negative consequences for people, animals and plants. As the earth's temperature increases with global warming, the polar ice melts. More water will then be released into our seas, causing sea levels to rise and reducing the amount of land in our countries and continents. This phenomenon comes at a time when the world population is growing, when advances in medicine and improvements in public health mean that life expectancy is higher, therefore water is in greater demand. The problem is that in the future we will have more water, but it will be saltwater and not fit for human consumption. Life cannot exist without water. Are we heading towards a disaster?

Treating towards a disaster.	[40]

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge Assessment International Education Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at www.cambridgeinternational.org after the live examination series.

Cambridge Assessment International Education is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which itself is a department of the University of Cambridge.